



مجازی سازی با استفاده از KVM

- ▼ Virt-install
- ▼ کانفیگ کرنل
 - ▼ virsh

Paravirtualization ▼

این روش توسط xen معرفی شد. در این روش پردازشگر OS اصلی (میزبان) نیازی به داشتن اکستنشن مجازی سازی در این روش ندارد. اما در عوض OS مهمان برای بالا آمدن نیاز به کرنل خاصی دارد. در این روش guest از مجازی اجرا شدنش مطلع است. مزایای این روش عبارت است از

استفاده حداکثری از منابع سیستم ▼

قابل اجرا در پردازشگرهایی که قابلیت VT ندارند ▼

HVM: Hardware Virtual Machine ▼

در این روش پردازشگر باید از VT پشتیبانی به عمل آورد. به دلیل اینکه ماشین guest اطلاعی از نحوه اجرا شدنش ندارد و به صورت کامل ایزوله می باشد، بدون انجام هیچگونه تنظیماتی در ماشین guest می توان سیستم را بالا آورد و در نتیجه به راحتی می توان هر نوع OS را اعم از لینوکس و ویندوز را بر روی آن اجرا کرد.

نصب ماشین مجازی با استفاده از ابزار virt-install

- ▼ --virt-type
 - ▼ Kvm
 - ▼ Xen
 - ▼ qemu

نصب ماشین مجازی با استفاده از ابزار virt-install

- ▼ نام ماشین مجازی --name
- ▼ میزان رم ماشین مجازی --ram
- ▼ تعداد پردازشگر ماشین مجازی --vcpu

نصب ماشین مجازی با استفاده از ابزار virt-install

- ▼ مسیر فایل ایزو --cdrom
- ▼ --disk
 - ▼ مسیری که قرار است ماشین روی آن نصب شود و از قبل باید آماده شود Path
 - ▼ Size
 - ▼ Format
 - ▼ bus

نصب ماشین مجازی با استفاده از ابزار virt-install

▼ --network تنظیمات شبکه مربوط به ماشین مجازی

▼ Bridge

▼ Model

▼ Virtio

▼ e1000

▼ --graphics

▼ Vnc

▼ listen

آماده سازی فضای لازم برای نصب ماشین مجازی

```
qemu-img create -f qcow2 ./debian.qcow2 10G
```

نصب ماشین مجازی بر روی فضای از قبل آماده شده

```
virt-install --virt-type kvm --name debian --ram 2048 --vcpus=2  
--cdrom=/home/novid/iso/debian-7.1.0-amd64-DVD-1.iso --disk  
path=/home/novid/debian/debian.qcow2,size=10,format=qcow2,bus=virtio  
--network bridge=br0,model=virtio --graphics vnc,listen=0.0.0.0 --noautoconsole  
--accelerate
```


نصب ماشین مجازی بر روی LVM

```
virt-install --connect qemu:///system -n kerio -r 2048 --vcpus=1 --disk  
    path=/dev/vg_novid/kerio,device=disk,bus=ide -c  
/var/iso/kerio-control-installer-8.0.0-551-by-ServerPardazan.iso --graphics  
vnc,password=foobar,listen='0.0.0.0' --noautoconsole --accelerate  
--network=bridge:viifbr0 --hvm -mac=52:54:00:ac:8f:8b
```

انتقال ماشین مجازی

```
qemu-img convert -O raw /dev/vg_name/lv_name/  
/var/lib/libvirt/images/image_name.raw
```

نصب ماشین مجازی بر روی LVM

```
virt-install --connect qemu:///system -n kerio -r 2048 --vcpus=1 --disk  
    path=/dev/vg_novid/kerio,device=disk,bus=ide -c  
/var/iso/kerio-control-installer-8.0.0-551-by-ServerPardazan.iso --graphics  
vnc,password=foobar,listen='0.0.0.0' --noautoconsole --accelerate  
--network=bridge:viifbr0 --hvm -mac=52:54:00:ac:8f:8b
```

کانفیگ کرنل برای هاست اصلی

▼ - VIRTUALIZATION

Options for Linux host to run other operating systems inside virtual machines (guests)

▼ - KVM (Location : Virtualization)

Support hosting fully virtualized guest machines using hardware virtualization extensions

▼ - KVM_INTEL (Location : Virtualization)

Support for Intel processors with VT-x virtualization support (Vanderpool), CPU flag : vmx

▼ - KVM_AMD (Location : Virtualization)

Support for AMD processors with AMD-V virtualization support (Pacifica), CPU flag : svm

کانفیگ کرنل برای هاست اصلی

- ▼ - VHOST_NET (Location : Virtualization)

Driver for host kernel to accelerate guest networking with virtio_net (guest drive).

- ▼ - HIGH_RES_TIMER (Location : Processor type and features)

High Resolution Timer Support

- ▼ - HPET (Location : Device Drivers -> Character devices)

High Precision Event Timer

- ▼ - COMPACTION (Location : Processor type and features)

Allows the compaction of memory for the allocation of huge pages

کانفیگ کرنل برای هاست اصلی

▼ - MIGRATION (Location : Processor type and features)

Allows the migration of the physical location of pages of processes while the virtual addresses are not changed. This is useful when allocating huge pages as migration can relocate pages to satisfy a huge page allocation instead of reclaiming.

▼ - KSM (Location : Processor type and features)

Enable Kernel Samepage Merging: KSM periodically scans those areas of an application's address space that an app has advised may be mergeable. When it finds pages of identical content, it replaces the many instances by a single page with that content, so saving memory until one or another app needs to modify the content. KSM is inactive until a program has madvised that an area is MADV_MERGEABLE, and root has set /sys/kernel/mm/ksm/run to 1 (if CONFIG_SYSFS is set).

A daemon as "ksmtuned" can be used to tuning KSM.

▼ - TRANSPARENT_HUGEPAGE (Location : Processor type and features)

Transparent Hugepages allows the kernel to use huge pages and huge tlb transparently to the applications whenever possible. This feature can improve computing performance to certain applications by speeding up page faults during memory allocation, by reducing the number of tlb misses and by speeding up the pagetable walking.

▼ - CGROUPS (Location : General setup)

The cgroup allow you to control the distribution of resources (processors, cores, memory, IO) at different VM.

کانفیگ کرنل برای OS میهمان

▼ - VIRTIO

Selected by VIRTIO_PCI or VIRTIO_BALLOON

▼ - VIRTIO_NET (Location : Device Drivers -> Network device support)

The virtual network driver for virtio : Paravirtualized Network Device.

▼ - VIRTIO_BLK (Location : Device Drivers -> Block devices)

The virtual block driver for virtio : Paravirtualized Block Device.

▼ - VIRTIO_PCI (Location : Virtualization)

This drivers provides support for virtio based paravirtual device drivers over PCI. This requires that your VMM has appropriate PCI virtio backends.

▼ - VIRTIO_BALLOON (Location : Virtualization)

This driver supports increasing and decreasing the amount of memory within a KVM guest.

کانفیگ کرنل برای OS میهمان

▼ - VIRTIO_RING

Selected by VIRTIO_PCI or VIRTIO_BALLOON

▼ - VIRTIO_CONSOLE (Location : Device Drivers -> Character devices)

Serves as a general-purpose serial device for data transfer between the guest and host. Character devices at /dev/vportNpn will be created when corresponding ports are found, where N is the device number and n is the port number within that device. If specified by the host, a sysfs attribute called 'name' will be populated with a name for the port which can be used by udev scripts to create a symlink to the device.

▼ - HW_RANDOM_VIRTIO (Location : Device Drivers -> Character devices -> Hardware Random Number Generator Core support)

This driver provides kernel-side support for the virtual Random Number Generator hardware.

▼ - PCI_MSI (Location : Bus options (PCI etc.))

This allows device drivers to enable MSI (Message Signaled Interrupts). Message Signaled Interrupts enable a device to generate an interrupt using an inbound Memory Write on its PCI bus instead of asserting a device IRQ pin.

▼ - PARAVIRT_GUEST (Location : Processor type and features)

Options for paravirtualized Linux guest

▼ - KVM_CLOCK (Location : Processor type and features-> Paravirtualized guest support)

Instead of relying on a PIT (or probably other) emulation by the underlying device model, the host provides the guest with timing infrastructure such as time of day, and system time

کانفیگ کرنل برای OS میهمان

- ▼ - KVM_GUEST (Location : Processor type and features-> Paravirtualized guest support)

This option enables various optimizations for running under the KVM hypervisor.

- ▼ - PARAVIRT (Location : Processor type and features-> Paravirtualized guest support)

This changes the kernel so it can modify itself when it is run under a hypervisor, potentially improving performance significantly over full virtualization. However, when run without a hypervisor the kernel is theoretically slower and slightly larger.

- ▼ - MEMORY_HOTPLUG (Location : Processor type and features)

- ▼ - MEMORY_HOTREMOVE (Location : Processor type and features -> Allow for memory hot-add)

- ▼ - PROCESSOR_FAMILY (Location : Processor type and features)

Core2 ou generic_x86_64 ?

- ▼ - ACPIPHP

- ▼ - PCI_HOTPLUG

PCI Hotplug support for the guest, to add a disk or a network card on the fly.

تنظیمات شبکه

استفاده از بریج

```
apt-get install bridge-utils
```

```
vi /etc/network/interfaces
```

```
auto eth0
```

```
iface eth0 inet manual
```

```
auto br0
```

```
iface br0 inet static
```

```
address 172.20.0.4
```

```
netmask 255.255.255.0
```

```
network 172.20.0.0
```

```
broadcast 172.20.0.255
```

```
gateway 172.20.0.1
```

```
bridge_ports eth0
```

```
bridge_stp off
```

- ▼ apt-get install libvirt-bin
kvm qemu lvm
qemu-kvm

نصب virsh

فعال سازی ksm

- ▼ echo 1 >
/sys/kernel/mm/ksm/run