

# Data Grid

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پاییز ۱۳۹۲

# Grid Computing

Distribute high-volume of computations to computers separated by large geographical distances.

# Cluster Computing

Distribute high-volume of computations to computers **inside data center**.

# Data Grid

- Hybrid Technology
- It is mainly Cluster computing technology
- Provides access pattern from different DCs

RAM

is becoming new hard disk

# What is Data Grid

Data Grid is mainly a

**Distributed Cache**

# Distributed in-memory RDBMS

- Sharding is hard to achieve
- Distributed Query Processing
  - Cross node join
  - Parallel query processing

# Distributed Key/Value DB

- Too simple data model
- No Parallel data processing
  - Map/Reduce



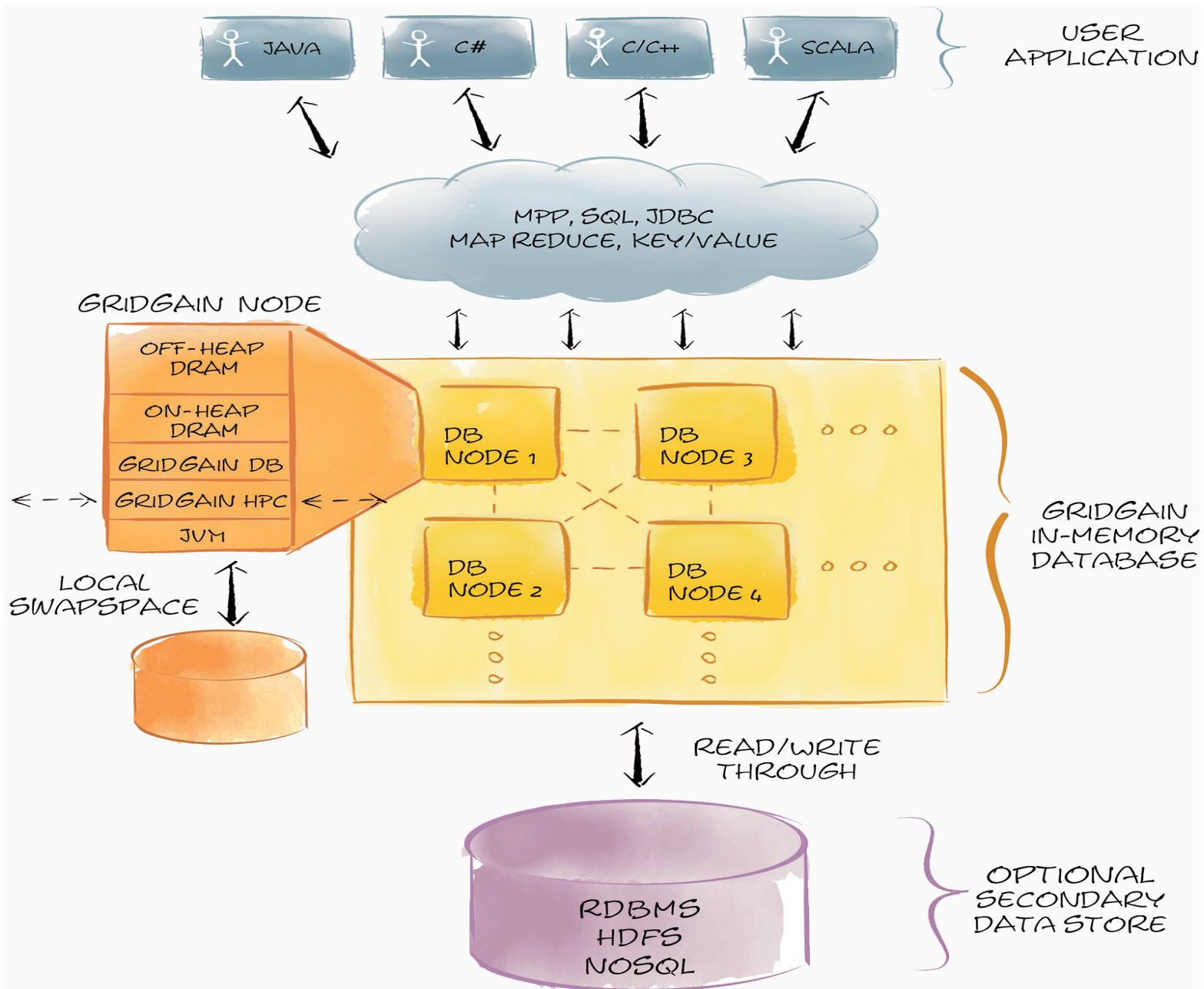
# NoSQL Systems

- Good Horizontal scalability
- Fills gap between cache Key/Value and Relational DB
- Offers storage vision
  - Data grid offers processing vision

# Data Grid: Concepts

- In-Memory Database
- In-Memory Streaming
- In-Memory HPC

# In-Memory Database



# In-Memory Database

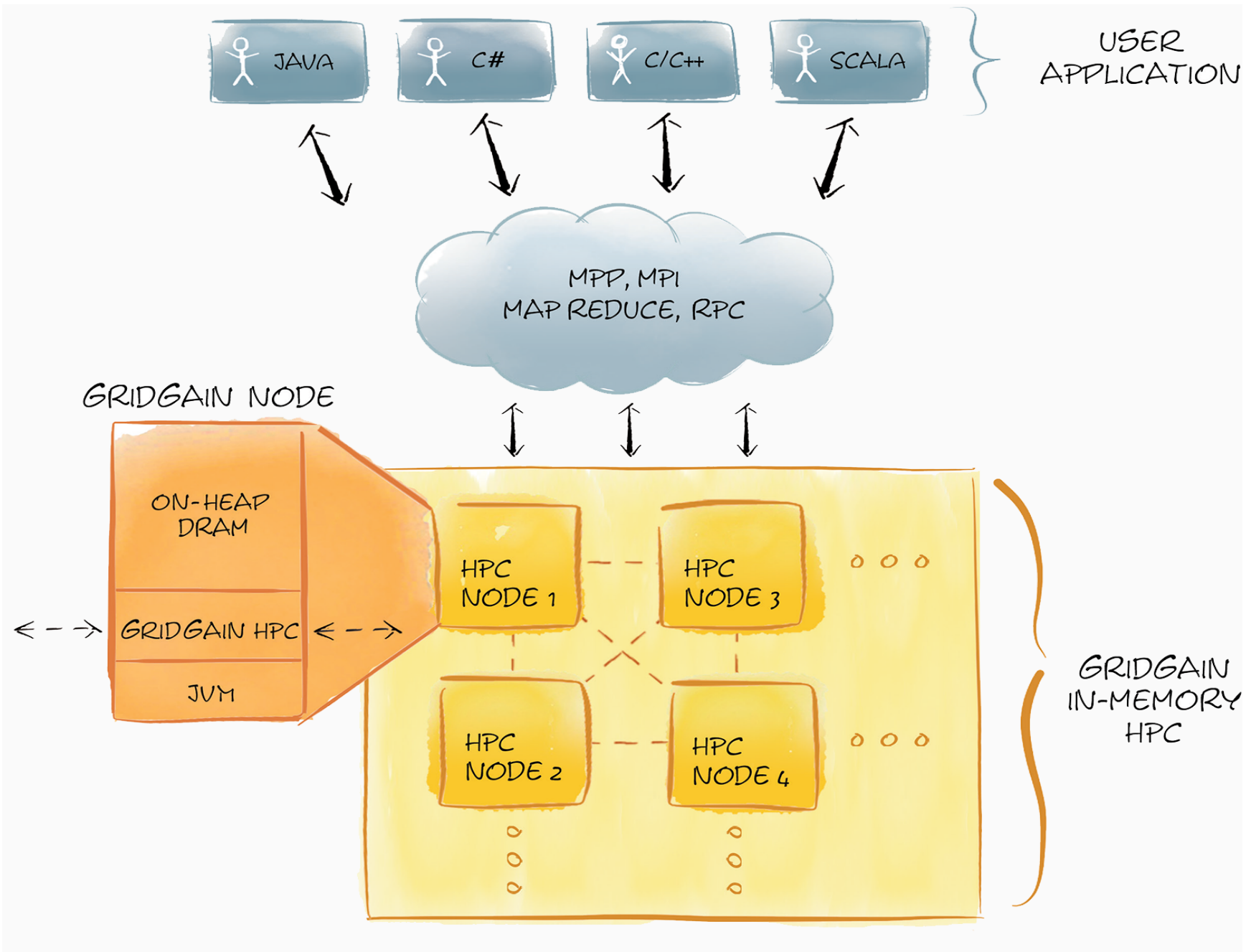
- Local, Replicated, Partitioned
- MVCC Based Concurrency
- Off-Heap Memory
- Write Behind Cache
- Web Session Caching
- Continuous Query
- ACID
- Pluggable Persistency
- REST Interface
- Distributed Data Structures
- SQL and Lucene Querying



# In-Memory Streaming

- Event Pattern Detection
- Grouping, aggregation, sorting, filtering, merging, splitting or duplicating
  - Detection
  - Aggregation

# In-Memory HPC



# In-Memory HPC

- Map/Reduce
- RPC Processing
- MPI-Style Processing
- Cron-Based Scheduling
- Topology Resolution
- Job Checkpointing



# Implementation

- GridGain
- Jboss Infinispan
- Hazelcast
- Oracle Coherence

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